2021 LaRosa Monitoring Results for Lake Morey Tributaries

Water Quality Review

Presented by Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation

2021
LaRosa
Monitoring
Information
– Lake
Morey

5 sites monitored in 2021

- Aloha Tributary interstate, local road, forest, wetlands
- Big Brook forest, wood roads, shoreline development
- Bonnie Oaks Tributary interstate, forest
- Glens Falls Brook forest, woods roads, shoreline development
- Pine Brook forest, shoreline development

8 sampling events from May to August

2 high flow events

Sampling was also conducted in 2019 & 2020

2022 LaRosa Nominations Process

Site Nominations Due	DEC Site Selection Team Reviews Nominations	LaRosa Staff Notify Partners of Nomination Selections	Annual Partner Training Orientation	Sampling Season Begins
Jan. 7	Feb. 15	Mid-Feb	Late March	Mid-April



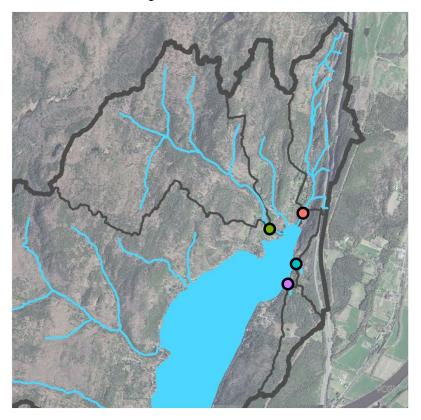
Chemical Parameters – Phosphorus & Chloride

Total Phosphorus

- Impacts
 - Fuels cyanobacteria blooms that can be toxic
 - Swimming use
- Sources
 - Developed land runoff
 - Fertilizers
- Standards
 - Ranges from 12-27 mg/L (ppm)
 - 12 mg/L for small, high gradient streams
 - Based on baseflow conditions

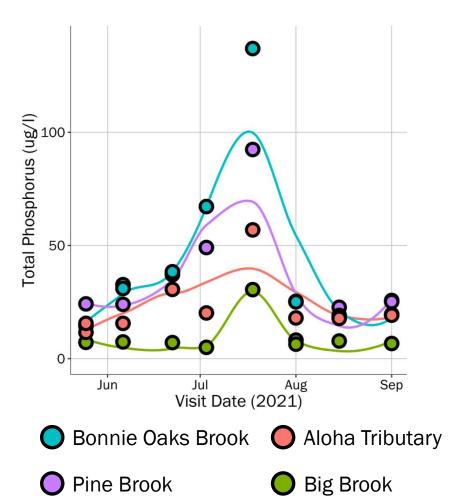
Total Chloride

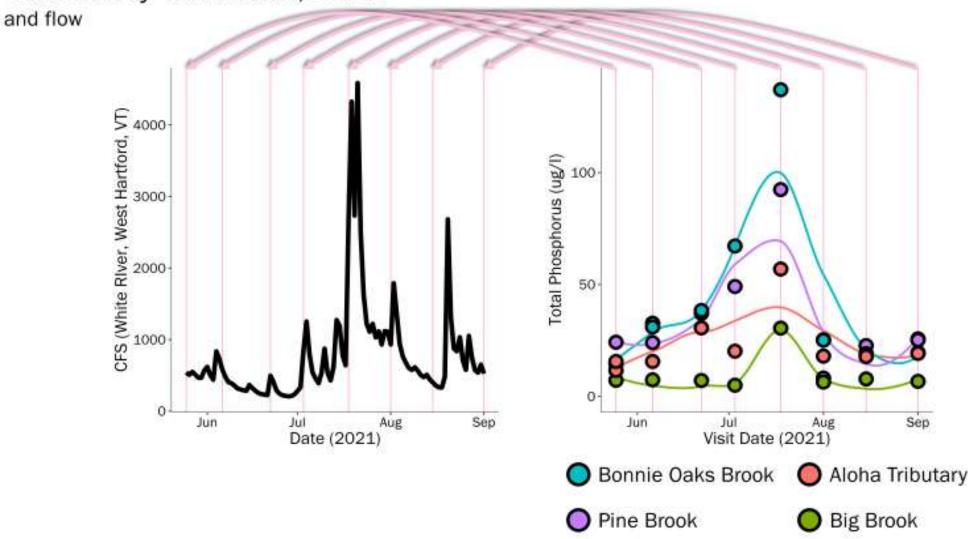
- Impacts
 - Affects chemical processes of biological organisms
- Sources
 - Road salt
 - Wastewater
 - Water softeners
- Standards (EPA)
 - 860 mg/L acute
 - 230 mg/L chronic
 - Studies show chloride can impact organisms at lower concentrations

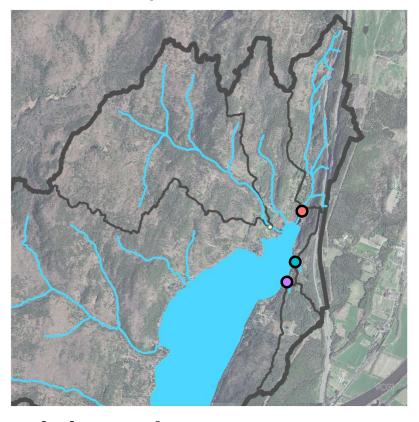


Phosphorus

This peak in mid July occurred across all monitored tributaries

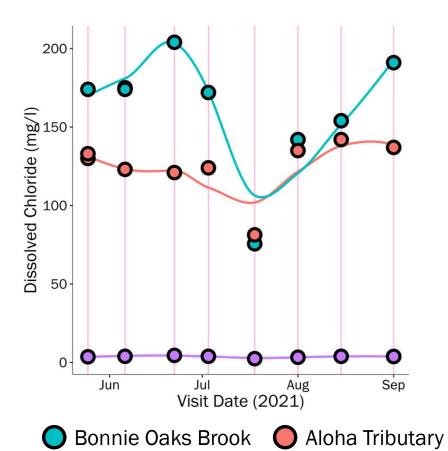




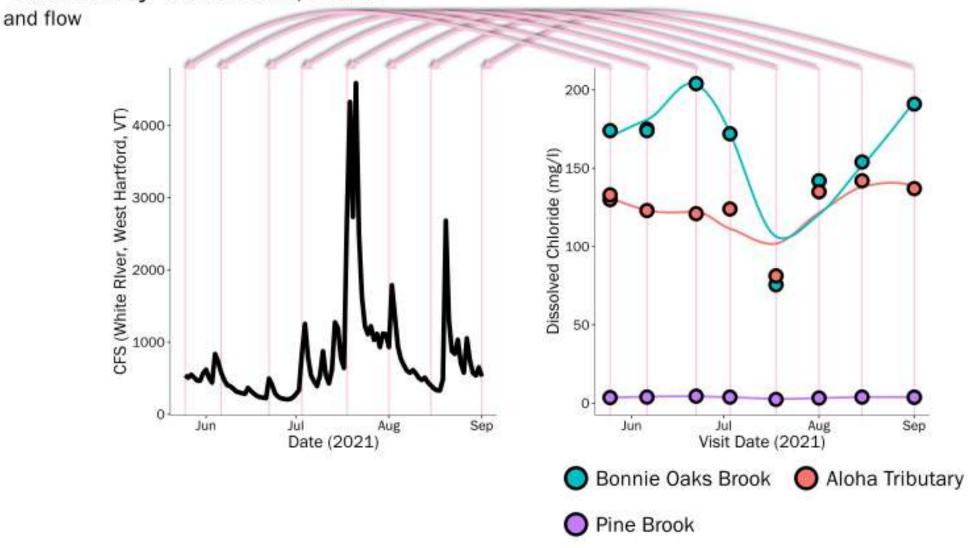


Chloride

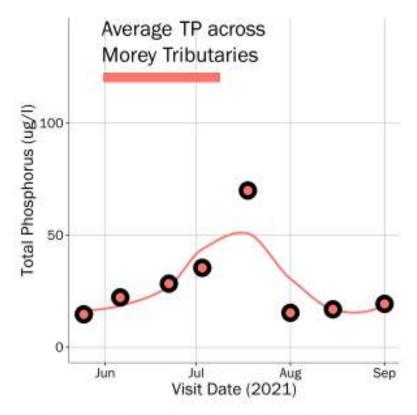
This dip in mid July occurred across all monitored tributaries



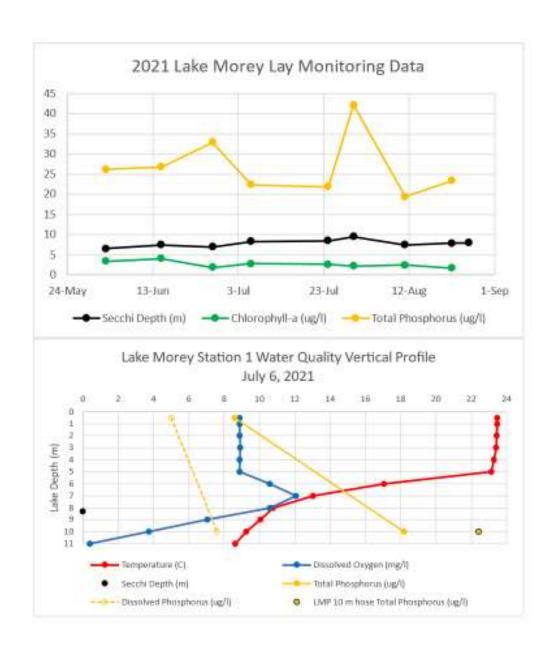
Pine Brook

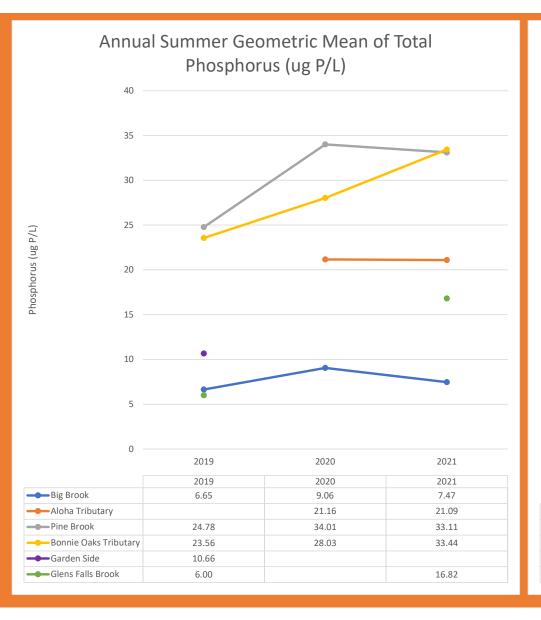


Lake Morey, 2021

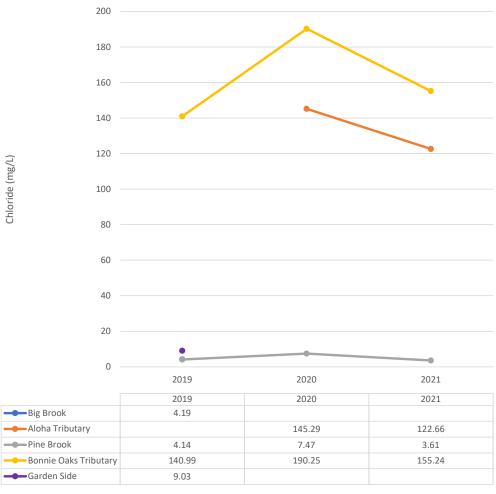


Note the peak in average stream concentrations in Mid July





Annual Summer Geometric Mean of Chloride (mg/L)



Sulfate Results

